

# Tait Electronics (Aust) Pty Ltd **A2000-UIS** Ver 1.0 T2000 Universal Interface Standard (AM2K-UIS)



Tait Electronics (Aust) Pty Ltd (Tait) reserves the right to make changes and alterations to the A2000-UIS product and documentation at any time, without notice. Tait provides this documentation in good faith, and accepts no responsibility for any errors or omissions.

# Contents

Section	Title	Page
1.0	Introduction	3
2.0	Specifications	3
3.0	<b>Components Required</b>	4
4.0	Fitting	4
4.1	Installation	4
4.2	Setup	6
4.3	<b>External Connections</b>	7
4.4	Link Settings	8
4.5	Link Descriptions	8
5.0	<b>Circuit Description</b>	11
6.0	<b>PCB</b> Information	13
6.1	Parts List	13
6.2	PCB Top Overlay	15
6.3	<b>PCB Bottom Overlay</b>	15
6.4	<b>Circuit Diagram</b>	16
Contacts	Tait Contact Numbers	17
Setup Sheet	A2000-UIS Setup Sheet	18

## 1.0 Introduction

Please read through this instruction in its entirety prior to installing this product.

Tait has developed the A2000-UIS Universal Interface Standard to suit the Tait T2000 range of mobile radios'. The A2000-UIS is suited to most audio interfacing applications. It is intended to provide control over audio and signals which pass to and from the T2000 and the externally connected equipment.

The A2000-UIS provides buffering and control over the radios' control board signals, which helps to protect external equipment and the radio. The audio amplifier stages provide a wide range of audio level adjustment. Muting of the audio paths in sympathy with its associated gate or PTT signal is carried out automatically, and does not need to be setup. Switching of the LINE OUT, GATE OUT, LINE IN, and PTT IN can be link selected to be controlled from the radios' front panel AUX switch, allowing simple and convenient user control. The GATE OUT and PTT IN lines have the facility to control their phase of operation, i.e. Active High or Active Low.

The A2000-UIS board also has an I/O Signals matrix to enable the 9 way D-range I/O connector to have its pins re-arranged. This enables the I/O connectors pin configuration to be rearranged to match existing or special requirements.

All of the parts used on the A2000-UIS board are commonly available. The parts list has details of the supplier for each part and the suppliers part number. For external connection, a 9 Way D-range Male connector and cover are provided with each A2000-UIS board.

As standard, the A2000-UIS has available two LINE OUT lines, two LINE IN lines, two GATE OUT lines, and two PTT IN lines. The reason for two of each is that the A2000-UIS board has the capability of being setup as a full 4 Wire E & M port, by fitting the kit A2000-UIK-01. When fitted you have fully isolated, 600 Ohm transformer balanced audio lines, opto coupled PTT input and voltage free relay contact GATE output. The A2000-UIS is not Austel Approved.

The A2000-UIS does not support the BCD channel control lines of the T201X radio.

## 2.0 Specifications

Supply Voltage	10.8V dc to 16V dc
Supply Current	100 mA Max, 10 mA Nominal
Operating Temp	-10 °C to +60 °C ambient
LINE OUT 1 & 2 Level	-30 dBm to +4 dBm
LINE OUT 1 & 2 Impedance	600 Ohms
LINE IN 1 & 2 Level	-30 dBm to +10 dBm
LINE IN 1 & 2 Impedance	600 Ohms or 100K Ohms (see LK9 & LK10)
PTT IN 1 & 2	Active Low (Pull to Ground) or Active High Optional Opto Coupled, Non Polarised, 10 to 50 Volt input
GATE OUT 1 & 2	Active Low or High, Transistor Collector, 10K Pull Up to 13.8 Volts. Optional Voltage Free N.O. Relay Contacts, rated 1A @ 24V dc, or 400mA @ 50V dc
Austel Approval	The A2000-UIS is Not Austel Approved

## **3.0 Components Required**

The A2000-UIS kit should contain the components shown here in Table 1. For more details on these components, please refer to the parts list in section 6.0.

 Table 1 A2000-UIS Packaged Parts

Qty	Description
1	A2000-UIS Service Manual (AM2K-UIS). This document.
3	M3 x 8mm Pan Pozi Drive Taptite Screw
2	4/40 x 8mm Pan Pozi Taptite Screw
1	DB9 Male Connector Solder Pot
1	DB9 Male Cover
1	12 Way Micro-MaTch <sup>™</sup> Socket, SMD. For T2000 Control PCB, S13
1	16 Way Micro-MaTch <sup>™</sup> Socket, SMD. For T2000 Control PCB, S14

## 4.0 Fitting

The A2000-UIS mounts inside a T2000 mobile radio, at the rear, in the space provided for option board's. The board has two Micro-MaTch<sup>TM</sup> connectors, P13A and P14A, that plug into connectors S13 and S14 on the T2000 radio control board.

### 4.1 Installation

- 1. Remove the top cover of the radio by unscrewing the 4 bottom cover screws, unscrew the radio control board and fold it out. Remover the D-range blanking plate in the rear of the T2000 radio.
- 2. If the control board is missing the Micro-MaTch<sup>™</sup> connectors S13 and S14, fit the two spare Micro-MaTch<sup>™</sup> connectors supplied with the A2000-UIS to these positions.



- 3. Position the A2000-UIS board behind the radio control board, and connect the Micro-MaTch<sup>TM</sup> connectors P13, P14 onto the radio control board.
- 4. On the radio control board, remove the 0 Ohm resistor R513 (if fitted). Refer to the appropriate T2000 service manual to locate R513.
- 5. On the A2000-UIS, remove the two screw locks from the D-range connector S21 and keep for Step 6.a.

#### T2000 Series II Chassis (longer rear heat sink fins)

6. a. Carefully fold the radio control board and the A2000-UIS back into position, guiding the 9 way D-range connector S21 through the hole provided in the rear of the T2000 chassis. Screw the radio control board and the A2000-UIS down with the M3 x 8 mm Taptite screws. Fit the two screw locks from Step 5. Back into the connector S21 but from the outside of the radio. Refer to Figure 2. below.

#### T2000 Series I Chassis (shorter rear heat sink fins)

6. b. Using a 4x40 tap tool or the two 4x40 screws provided in the A2000-UIS kit, tap the two holes on the rear of the T2000 chassis adjacent to the larger hole for D-range plug. Discard the two 4x40 screws once the holes are tapped. Discard the two screw locks from Step 5. Carefully fold the radio control board and the A2000-UIS back into position, guiding the 9 way D-range S21 through the hole provided in the rear of the T2000 chassis. Screw the radio control board and the A2000-UIS down with the M3 x 8 mm Taptite screws. Refer to Figure 2. below.



#### Figure 2.

7. For details on how to setup the line levels, consult section 4.2. Setup. For details on how to make external connections, consult section 4.3 External Connections. For details on how to choose the link settings, consult section 4.4 Link Settings.

## 4.2 Setup

The setup of the A2000-UIS should be simple in most cases. All of the boards links are on the bottom of the board, and can be accessed while the board is screwed down. The line level adjusting trim pots can be accessed at the side of the board, near the rear power connector. Refer to the diagram Figure 3. below.

Included with each of copy of this manual is the **A2000-UIS Setup Sheet**. Use this to record the setup information for each application of the A2000-UIS board. There is space on the sheet to record all the relevant job details, level settings, link settings, and modifications made

#### LINE OUT Level

Apply an on channel RF carrier, modulated with a 1KHz tone to the receiver, at the required nominal system deviation (normally 60%). Normally 1.5 kHz for 12.5KHz Narrow band, or 3 kHz for 25KHz Wide band.

Terminate the LINE OUT into equipment the radio is being used with, or terminate the line with the same impedance. The default impedance for alignment is 600 Ohms.

Set VR1 for the required line level out. The default level for alignment is -10dBm.

#### LINE IN Level

Inject a 1KHz tone into the LINE IN pin of the I/O connector S21, at the required line level. The default level for alignment is -10dBm.

Connect a suitable modulation meter to the radio.

Set VR2 for the required nominal system deviation (normally 60%). Normally 1.5 kHz for 12.5KHz Narrow band, or 3 kHz for 25KHz Wide band.

#### TX TAIL TIME

LK20 must be fitted for the TX Tail Timer to function.

Adjust the trim pot VR3 to the required TX tail time.





## 4.3 External Connections

The external connections on the A2000-UIS board are via a 9 way D-range female connector S21. A 9 way D-range male connector and cover are supplied with each A2000-UIS kit to facilitate external connection.

The default S21 DB9F I/O Signals can be seen on Table 2, and the default I/O Signals matrix setup can be seen on Table 4. below. The actual connection of the A2000-UIS to the outside world depends somewhat on its particular application. If required, the S21 pin out can be rearranged, using the I/O Signals matrix. The signals which are available on the I/O Signals matrix can be seen on Table 3 below. Remember, don't rearrange the I/O Signals matrix unless you really need to, as you will have to be doing it every time you setup a radio for the same application every time.

Being able to rearrange the signals on the I/O connectors allows the pin out to be setup to match other equipment if required.

Pin	Signal
1	LINE OUT 1
2	/GATE OUT 1
3	GROUND
4	/PTT IN 1
5	LINE IN 1
6	LINE IN 2
7	/PTT IN 2
8	/GATE OUT 2
9	LINE OUT 2

#### Table 2 S21 DB9F Default Pin Out

# Table 4I/O Signals MatrixDefault Setup

S21	I/O Signals Matrix
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9

Table 3	I/O \$	Signals	Matrix	Lines
---------	--------	---------	--------	-------

Pin	Signal
1	LINE OUT 1
2	/GATE OUT 1
3	GROUND
4	/PTT IN 1
5	LINE IN 1
6	LINE IN 2
7	/PTT IN 1
8	/GATE OUT 1
9	LINE OUT 2
10	RX/TX Disabling
11	+13.8V (250mA max)
12	Spare
13	Spare

## 4.4 Link Settings

The A2000-UIS's available link setting can be seen on Table 5 below.

Table 5 Links	The default link settings are shown	in <u>Italic &amp; Underlined</u>
---------------	-------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

Link	Function	Options
LK1	LINE OUT Flat / De-emphasised	1-2 Flat / 2-3 De-emphasised
LK2	MIC AUDIO to LINE OUT	<u>IN = YES</u> / OUT = NO
LK3	BEEP to LINE OUT	IN = YES / <u>OUT = NO</u>
LK4	LINE IN to LINE OUT Side Tone	IN = YES / <u>OUT = NO</u>
LK5	GATE OUT Source	<u>1-2 BUSY + RX GATE</u>
		2-3 BUSY ONLY
		2-4 TRUNKED BUSY
LK6	LINE IN Flat / Pre- emphasised	1-2 Flat / 2-3 Pre-emphasised
LK7	LINE IN to Volume & Speaker	<u>IN = YES</u> / OUT = NO
LK8	LINE IN Flat / Pre- emphasised	IN= Pre-emphasised / OUT = Flat
LK9	LINE IN 1 600 Terminated	<u>IN = YES</u> / OUT = NO
LK10	LINE IN 2 600 Terminated	<u>IN = YES</u> / OUT = NO
LK11	LINE OUT, LINE IN, GATE OUT and PTT IN Control	<u>OUT = NONE</u>
		1-2 AUX SW
		2-3 CALL SW
LK12	RX/TX Disabling	IN = YES / <u>OUT = NO</u>
LK13	RX Disable	IN = TX ONLY/ <u>OUT = NO</u>
LK14	GATE OUT Phase	<u>OUT = Active Lo</u> / IN = Active Hi
LK15	PTT IN Phase	<u>OUT = Active Lo</u> / IN = Active Hi
LK16	GATE OUT Relay Phase	<u>1-2 N.C.</u> / 2-3 N.O.
LK17	GATE OUT Common to Ground	IN = GROUNDED / <u>OUT = NOT</u>
LK18	I/O Signals matrix line 11 - Volts Source	<u>1-2 +13.8V SW</u> /2-3 +13.8V UNSW
		or OUT = NONE
LK19	OPTO Coupler Option	IN = Yes / <u>OUT = NO</u>
LK20	TX Tail Timer	IN = Yes / <u>OUT = NO</u>
LK21	External Line Source	1-2 /Emrgncy / 2-3 RX/TX Disabling
LK22	LINE OUT 1 output impedance	IN = Very Low / <u>OUT = 600 OHMS</u>

## 4.5 Link Descriptions

**LK1** If set to 1-2, the LINE OUT 1 & 2 will output flat audio, if set to 2-3, LINE OUT 1 & 2 will output de-emphasised audio. <u>Also see LK6 and LK8</u>.

**LK2** enables the microphone audio to be sent out along with the LINE OUT 1 & 2 audio (receive audio). Mic audio will only be sent out the LINE OUT while the microphones PTT is being pressed. The GATE OUT line will also be activated while the microphones PTT is being pressed.

**LK3** selects whether beep tones generated by the radio micro will also be sent out with the LINE OUT 1 & 2 audio (receive audio). Note that the GATE OUT line is not activated while beeps are being sent out.

**LK4** provides a side tone path for audio coming into the radio via LINE IN 1 or 2 and sends it back out the LINE OUT. If selected, audio side tone will be permanently active.

**LK5** sets the GATE OUT 1 & 2 to operate with either Busy & Gate (RF carrier & CTCSS Decode, if programmed), or Busy (RF carrier only), or Trunked Busy. Trunked Busy is when a Trunked call is in progress.

**LK6** If set to 1-2, the LINE IN 1 & 2 will produce flat audio on the transmitters deviation, if set to 2-3, LINE IN 1 & 2 will produce pre-emphasised audio. <u>Also see LK1 and LK8</u>.

**LK7** allows the LINE IN 1 & 2 audio to also be sent to the radios' volume control and then to the speaker. This allows the LINE IN audio to be monitored at the radios' speaker, even if the radio is transmitting at the time.

**LK8** varies the level of LINE IN 1 & 2 audio that is sent to the radios' volume control, to come out the radios' speaker. If flat audio is being used, the TX audio level on the A2000-UIS is some five times greater. This link reduces that audio signal going to the volume control. <u>Also see LK1</u> and <u>LK6</u>.

**LK9 & LK10** terminate LINE IN 1 & LINE IN 2 to 600 Ohms, respectively. If removed, the input impedance of approximately 50K Ohms.

**LK11** If set to 1-2, this link enables the AUX Switch to control the LINE IN, LINE OUT, PTT IN and GATE OUT. When selected, the AUX Switch must be 'On' for the audio and signals to pass. If set to 2-3, the CALL Switch is used to perform the control. If the link is left out, there is no control and all path are always active. Note, this may not work on all models of T2000 radio.

**LK12** If fitted, a single line, the RX/TX Disabling line, will switch either the RX or TX side of the A2000-UIS off and on. This is useful if you wish a radio to operate as only a receiver or a transmitter. The RX/TX Disabling line is low for transmit only and high for receive only. The RX/TX Disabling line is pull high. <u>Also see LK13</u> and <u>LK21</u>.

**LK13** This link is on the RX/TX Disabling line. It is an internal setting to lock the A2000-UIS into TX mode only. This link is an alternative to using the RX/TX Disabling line externally. The RX/TX Disabling line can be accessed externally on the 'External' pin on the rear power connector, or it can be routed out one of the pins on the A2000-UIS's S21 connector using the I/O Signals matrix. Note that link LK12 must be in for LK13 to operate. <u>Also see LK12 and LK21</u>.

**LK14** reverses the phase of the GATE OUT 1 & 2 lines. Link LK14 is out for Active Low and in for Active High.

**LK15** reverses the phase of the PTT IN 1 & 2 lines. Link LK15 is out for Active Low and in for Active High. Note that the PTT IN line has a pull up resistor on it, so if LK14 is set to Active High, the radio will transmit whenever the PTT IN line is not terminated or pulled low.

**LK16** If set to 2-3, this link sets the GATE OUT lines from the GATE OUT Relay to the normally open contacts, and if set to 1-2, to the normally closed contacts. The A2000-UIK-01 kit (4W E & M) must be fitted for this link to have any effect.

**LK17** connects the GATE OUT relay common line (I/O Signals matrix line 8) to the ground of the radio. The A2000-UIK-01 kit (4W E & M) must be fitted for this link to have any effect.

**LK18** selects whether the I/O Signals matrix line number 18 (+13.8V) has +13.8V Switched or +13.8V Un-Switched on it.

**LK19** connects the opto coupler IC6 into circuit. The A2000-UIK-01 kit (4W E & M) must be fitted for this link to have any effect.

**LK20** connects the TX Tail Timer into circuit. The trim pot VR3 can then be used to adjust the TX Tail time. <u>Also see VR3.</u>

**LK21** is the External Line to Emergency Line or RX/TX Disabling link. If set to 1-2, the External line (which goes to the radio rear power connector) will connect to the radio control boards Emergency Line. If set to 2-3, the External line will connect to the A2000-UIS boards RX/TX Disabling line. Also see LK12 and LK13.

**LK100** is the radio power on link. If the radio does not have a control head, or it is necessary for the radio to remain on permanently, then this link can be fitted.

**0 Ohm** resistor links are also used on various lines on the A2000-UIS board to allow certain signals to be permanently disabled.

**R59** - when removed, disables the muting of the LINE OUT audio.

**R100** - when removed, disables the local microphone PTT. Removing this link will only have any affect if the control board has R513 removed, in conjunction with the diode which sits across R513. This diode is D500 in T201X's, D503 on all other models. Normally this diode does not need to be removed, but it must be removed to totally disable the microphone PTT.

**R101** - when removed, disables the Mic Mute line that goes to S14 pin 8. Removing this resistor then leaves the radios' local microphone permanently live.

## 5.0 Circuit Description

The A2000-UIS's main function is to provide easy external, buffering and control over the available signals from the T2000 radio. The A2000-UIS's interface to the outside world is via the 9 way D-range connector **S21**. All of the lines on S21 are de-coupled to chassis ground via capacitors C1 to C9. Connector S21 pins 1 to 9 go to the I/O Signals matrix (S21 I.O PINS) lines 1 to 9 respectively.

The I/O Signals matrix has links placed onto it which determine which I/O Signal go to which S21 pin. The default settings and the available signals for the I/O Signal matrix can be found in section 4.3 External Connections.

**LINE IN** audio comes from I/O Signal matrix lines 5 & 6, through 0 Ohm resistors R30 & R31. R33 & R36 sits across these lines to ground and provides them with an input impedance of approximately 50K Ohms. Links LK9 & LK10 also sits across these lines. If LK9 & LK10 are installed, 560 Ohm resistors R32 & R35 provides these lines with an input impedance of approximately 600 Ohms. LINE IN audio is then presented to IC2d pins 12 and 13, which acts as a impedance stabilising buffer stage, with a gain of 1. LINE IN audio then goes to IC2c which provides audio level control with VR2. The output of IC2c goes via DC blocking capacitor C34, to IC1c quad switch, which switches the audio in sympathy with the PTT IN signal. The output of IC1c is then feed to LK6/2. LK6 selects whether the LINE IN audio is feed to the flat audio input of the radio, S13 pin 8, or to the pre-emphasised audio input, S13 pin 6.

LINE IN audio at IC2c pin 8 is also fed to IC2b pin 6, via R44 (& R45 & LK8). IC2b amplifies the LINE IN audio and feeds it to IC1d via impedance matching resistor R48 and DC blocking capacitor C36. IC1d then switches the LINE IN audio in sympathy with the PTT IN signal, and feed it to P13 pin 7 (S13 pin 7) via LK7. Although S13 pin 7 is the RX-GTD-AF line, and normally associated with the receiver audio sections of the T2000 mobile, this line is used to inject audio into the receiver audio section, so it can feed to the speaker amplifier via the volume control.

The bias voltage for all four of IC2's op-amps is provided by 100K Ohm resistor R110, and filtered by capacitors C113, C200 and C201, and should be approximately 5 volts.

**LINE OUT** audio first begins at LK1. LK1 selects whether the LINE OUT audio comes from the flat audio output of the radio, S13 pin 1, or from the de-emphasised audio output, S13 pin 3. LINE OUT audio then goes to IC1a quad switch, which switches the audio in sympathy with the radios' GATE OUT signal. Audio then goes via DC blocking capacitor C10 to IC2a buffer amplifier. IC2a provides the function of a buffer which balances all the different audio level coming into it. The audio is then fed via R9 to IC3a pin 2. IC3a provides the function of a wide gain control amplifier. Trim pot resistor VR1 sits across IC3a and adjusts its gain. The LINE OUT then goes via DC blocking capacitor C18 to resistor R15. R15 sets the LINE OUT 1 output impedance to approximately 600 Ohms. Audio is then fed to I/O Signal matrix line 1. Audio then goes via DC blocking capacitor C18 to resistor R16. R16 sets the LINE OUT 2 output impedance to approximately 600 Ohms. This audio is then fed to I/O Signal matrix lines 9. The LINE OUT audio on I/O Signals matrix line 1 & 9 can be used as independent audio lines out, but they can also be used as a single electrically balance audio output.

**PTT IN** line comes in via I/O Signals matrix lines 4 & 7 to diode D4. Diode D4 blocks DC levels which are above 5 volts. The PTT IN signal then goes to the inverting buffer transistor Q2. Q2 collector then drives IC5e inverting buffer. IC5e has link LK15 sitting across it which can reverse the phase of the PTT IN signal if required. IC5e drives IC5f which then drives IC5d via D6. The input to IC5d at pin 9 also has an RC circuit across it, consisting of VR3, R92, and C80. Link LK20 connects C80 into circuit if required. This RC circuit provides the function of a TX tail timer. IC5d then drives IC5c. IC5c drives Q3 base, and S14 pin 8 mic mute via R99 and R101. Q3 collector then drives S14 pin 6 PTT-FRM-OPT (PTT from options) which keys the transmitter. The diode D9b provides a path for the radios' local microphone PTT signal. Diode D9a pulls the Mic Mute line low (off) when the local microphone PTT is active.

**GATE OUT** signal first begins at S14 pin 4 RX GATE line or S14 pin 3 Busy line. These two signals go to link LK5 which selects the required signal. GATE OUT then goes to D1a via R60. D1a feeds IC4b and then IC4c. IC4c has link LK14 across it which can change the phase of the GATE OUT signal. IC4c then drives Q1 base. The output from Q1 collector goes to I/O Signals matrix lines 2 and 8 via 0 Ohm resistors R66 and R77, respectively. Q1 collector also has resistor R65 10K across it, to pull this line up to +13.8 volts.

**SPARE** I/O Signals matrix lines 12 and 13 are routed from the I/O Signals matrix via pie filters C24, R26, C23 and C26, R27, C25 to PCB pads marked '12' and '13'. These spare lines can be hard wired to the pads provided adjacent to connectors P13, P14. This allows signals to be used externally, other than the standard signals already available on the I/O Signals matrix. The pie filter should provide some form of RF protection. These line will not necessarily provide any protection against spikes and surges.

### 6.0 PCB Information

#### 6.1 Parts List

#### A2000-UIS-01.PCB

A2000-UIS PCB         PCB Board         A2K-UIS1.pcb         Oz Elec.         1           C1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 23, 24, 25, 26         1nF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805         499-201         Farnell         13           G10, 11, 12, 20, 21, 30, 31, 34, 36, 109, 113, 114, 200, 201         100nF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805         499-687         Farnell         14           C13, 16, 32, 33, 35, 100pF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805         499-171         Farnell         6           C14, 17, 18, 19, 80, 110, 111         10uF Tant 16V, SMD, TAJ Series case B         498-737         Farnell         7           D1, 2, 5, 9, 10         BAV70 Diode, SOT-23         743-150         Farnell         5           D4, 6         BAW56 Diode, SOT-23         741-863         Farnell         2
C1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 23, 24, 25, 26       1nF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805       499-201       Farnell       13         C10, 11, 12, 20, 21, 30, 31, 34, 36, 109, 113, 114, 200, 201       100nF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805       499-687       Farnell       14         C13, 16, 32, 33, 35, 1100pF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805       499-171       Farnell       6         C14, 17, 18, 19, 80, 110, 111       10uF Tant 16V, SMD, TAJ Series case B       498-737       Farnell       7         D1, 2, 5, 9, 10       BAV70 Diode, SOT-23       743-150       Farnell       5         D4, 6       BAW56 Diode, SOT-23       741-863       Farnell       2
9, 23, 24, 25, 26       100nF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805       499-687       Farnell       14         31, 34, 36, 109, 113, 114, 200, 201       100nF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805       499-687       Farnell       14         C13, 16, 32, 33, 35, 1100pF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805       499-171       Farnell       6         C14, 17, 18, 19, 80, 110uF Tant 16V, SMD, TAJ Series case B       498-737       Farnell       7         D1, 2, 5, 9, 10       BAV70 Diode, SOT-23       743-150       Farnell       5         D4, 6       BAW56 Diode, SOT-23       741-863       Farnell       2
C10, 11, 12, 20, 21, 30, 31, 34, 36, 109, 113, 114, 200, 201       100nF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805       499-687       Farnell       14         C13, 16, 32, 33, 35, 115       100pF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805       499-171       Farnell       6         C14, 17, 18, 19, 80, 110, 111       10uF Tant 16V, SMD, TAJ Series case B       498-737       Farnell       7         D1, 2, 5, 9, 10       BAV70 Diode, SOT-23       743-150       Farnell       5         D4, 6       BAW56 Diode, SOT-23       741-863       Farnell       2
31, 34, 36, 109, 113, 114, 200, 201
114, 200, 201       114, 200, 201       114, 200, 201       114, 200, 201       114, 200, 201       115       110         115       100pF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805       499-171       Farnell       6         115       100pF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805       499-171       Farnell       7         115       100pF Tant 16V, SMD, TAJ Series case B       498-737       Farnell       7         110, 111       110       100pF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805       100pF
C13, 16, 32, 33, 35,       100pF Ceramic Chip Cap, 0805       499-171       Farnell       6         115       C14, 17, 18, 19, 80,       10uF Tant 16V, SMD, TAJ Series case B       498-737       Farnell       7         110, 111       D1, 2, 5, 9, 10       BAV70 Diode, SOT-23       743-150       Farnell       5         D4, 6       BAW56 Diode, SOT-23       741-863       Farnell       2
115       C14, 17, 18, 19, 80,       10uF Tant 16V, SMD, TAJ Series case B       498-737       Farnell       7         110, 111       D1, 2, 5, 9, 10       BAV70 Diode, SOT-23       743-150       Farnell       5         D4, 6       BAW56 Diode, SOT-23       741-863       Farnell       2
C14, 17, 18, 19, 80,       10uF Tant 16V, SMD, TAJ Series case B       498-737       Farnell       7         110, 111       D1, 2, 5, 9, 10       BAV70 Diode, SOT-23       743-150       Farnell       5         D4, 6       BAW56 Diode, SOT-23       741-863       Farnell       2
110, 111       110, 111         D1, 2, 5, 9, 10       BAV70 Diode, SOT-23         743-150       Farnell         5       D4, 6         BAW56 Diode, SOT-23       741-863         Farnell       2
D1, 2, 5, 9, 10     BAV /0 Diode, SO1-25     745-150     Fameli     5       D4 6     BAW56 Diode, SOT-23     741-863     Fameli     2
1 D4, 0 $1 BAW 0 D100e, SU1-23$ $1 741-863$ $1 Famel 1 7$
$E_{1} = E_{1} = E_{1$
FI     Fuse, 500mA, Slow Blow, 1200     I       IC1     CD406CDCM_SMD_SO_14     505.252     Famall     1
ICI         CD4000BCM, SMD, SO-14         S05-555         Fameli         I           IC2         TL074CD_SMD_SO-14         401-265         Fameli         1
IC2         IL0/4CD, SMD, SO-14         401-365         Fameli         1           IC2         TL072CD, SMD, SO 9         401-124         Fameli         1
IC3         IL0/2CD, SMD, SO-8         401-134         Fameli         1           IC4 5         MM74C04 SMD, SO 14         270 220         Fameli         1
IC4, 5         MIM/4C04, SMD, SO-14         5/9-220         Fameli         1           IC7         MC78L05ACD_SMD_SO 8         702.021         Fameli         1
IC/     MC/8L05ACD, SMD, SO-8     /02-031     Fameli       D12     12 Way Miana MaTah TM Daddla Daard Slit     9 215570 2     AMD     1
P13 12 Way Micro-MaTch <sup>TM</sup> Paddle Board Skt. 8-215570-2 AMP 1
P14 16 Way Micro-Ma1ch <sup>TM</sup> Paddle Board Skt. 8-215570-6 AMP 1
Q1, 3 BC817-40 NPN Transistor, SMD, SO1-23 S06-308 Farnell 2
Q2 BC85/B PNP Transistor, SMD, SO1-23 506-229 Farnell 1
R61, 62, 69, 74         IMI Resistor 0805 5%         109-330         Farnell         4           D211_22_24_26         100K D140005 5%         100-224         E1116
R2, 6, 11, 33, 34, 36, 100K Resistor 0805 5% 109-324 Farnell 16
37, 38, 40, 70, 71, 75,
69, 90, 99, 110         100 222         Formall         1
R4         08K Clip Resistor 0805 5%.         109-525         Fallell         1           P5 20 44         150K Chip Resistor 0805 5%         100 225         Famell         2
R3, 39, 44         130K Chip Resistor 0805 5%.         109-523         Fallell         5           P7         220K Chip Resistor 0805 5%         100-226         Famall         1
K/         220K Clip Resistor 0805 5%.         109-520         Fallell         1           P0         10         12         12         40         10K Chip Pagistor 0805 5%         100.318         Formall         16
103-518 10K Chip Kesistor 0805 5%. 109-518 17amen 10
85 86 88 92 94
R15_16_32_35 560E Chip Resistor 0805_5% 515-152 Farnell 4
R17         18         30         31         59         0E         Chip Resistor 0805         5%         109-299         Famell         11
66 67 80 100 101
102
R26, 27 470E Chip Resistor 0805 5%. 109-310 Farnell 2
R45         27K Chip Resistor 0805 5%.         515-255         Farnell         1
R48         1K5 Chip Resistor 0805 5%.         109-313         Farnell         1
R81, 82, 83         33K Chip Resistor 1206 5% 0.25W         512-916         Farnell         3
R84         4K7 Chip Resistor 0805 5%.         109-316         Farnell         1
R109         10E Chip Resistor 1206 5%.         419-904         Farnell         1
S219 Way D Range R/A Female. PCB mount892-452Famell1
VR1, VR2100K Multi Turn Trim Pot. SMD514-860Farnell2
VR3 1M Trim Pot 108-255 Farnell 1

Ref. No.	Description	Part No.	Supplier	Qty
Ribbon Cable	16 Way Ribbon Cable. For Micro-MaTch <sup>™</sup> connector looms. Two looms, P13 to P13A and P14 to P14A	-	Oz Elec.	2 x 30mm
P13A	12 Way Micro-MaTch <sup>™</sup> Male on Wire Connector (for P13 to P13A Loom)	8-215083-2	AMP	1
P14A	16 Way Micro-MaTch <sup>™</sup> Male on Wire Connector (for P14 to P14A Loom)	8-215083-6	AMP	1

## **Cables and Connectors**

## Parts Packaged with A2000-UIS Board

Description	Part No.	Supplier	Qty
A2000-UIS Service Manual	AM2K-UIS.pdf	Oz Elec.	1
Screw Taptite M3 x 8mm Pan Pozi Bright Zinc	349-00020-32	Tait	3
Screw Taptite 4/40 x 8mm Pan Pozi Black	349-00020-09	Tait	2
DB9 Male Connector Solder Pot	-	Oz Elec.	1
DB9 Male Cover	-	Oz Elec.	1
12 Way Micro-MaTch <sup>™</sup> Socket, SMD. For T2000 Control PCB, S13	8-188275-2 (240-10000-06)	AMP (Tait)	1
16 Way Micro-MaTch <sup>TM</sup> Socket, SMD. For T2000 Control PCB, S14	8-188275-6 (240-10000-07)	AMP (Tait)	1

## Parts not populated on the A20000-UIS PCB

Ref. No.	Description	Part No.	Supplier	Qty
#D3	BAW56 Diode, SOT-23	741-863	Farnell	1
#IC6	SHF628A-2. Bi-directional Opto Coupler	464-582	Farnell	1
#R65	10K Chip Resistor 0805 5%.	109-318	Farnell	1
#R91, #R112	0E Chip Resistor 0805 5%.	109-299	Farnell	2
#RL1	SPDT Relay 12 Volt PCB mount	466-890	Farnell	1
#T1 & #T2	ETAL P2781 Transformer 600:600 Ohms, SMD	523-100	Farnell	2



# A2000-UIS Ver 1.0 PCB Top Overlay



A2000-UIS Ver 1.0 PCB Bottom Overlay



# Tait Electronics (Aust) Pty Ltd

## Australia Head Office Brisbane

Tait Electronics (Aust) Pty Ltd 186 Granite St., Geebung, Qld., 4043 P.O. Box 679, Virginia, Qld., 4014

Phone:	07 3865 7799	
Fax:	07 3865 7990	
BBS:	07 3865 6392	(Access Restricted)



Email:Salessales@tait.com.auHelp Deskhelpdesk@tait.com.au



Internet Home http://www.taitworld.com

# **Branches**

### Perth

Phone:	1300 304 344
Fax:	08 9321 7338

### Melbourne

Phone:	1300 304 344
Fax:	03 9690 7988

## Sydney

Phone:	1300 304 344
Fax:	02 9634 7835

## Tait Electronics (Aust) Pty Ltd



Customer	
Job No	
Date	
T2000 Model No	
T2000 Serial No's	
Use? E.g. Link, Base, RF Control, Omnitronics Interface, etc.	
Application Note Used? App. Note No	

#### A2000-UIS Setup:

Function	Setup	Choices	Default	Setting
A 2000-LUK-01 Kit Fitted?	_	Ves / No	No	
LINE OUT Level	VR1	In dBm or Volts Peak to Peak	-10dBm	
LINE IN Level	VR1 VR2	In dBm or Volts Peak to Peak	-10dBm	
LINE OUT Flat / De-emp	LK1	1-2 Flat / 2-3 De-emphasised	2-3	
MIC AUDIO to LINE OUT	LK2	IN = YES / OUT = NO	IN	
BEEP to LINE OUT	LK3	IN = YES / OUT = NO	OUT	
LINE IN to LINE OUT Side Tone	LK4	IN = YES / OUT = NO	OUT	
GATE OUT Source	LK5	1-2 BUSY + RX GATE	1-2	
		2-3 BUSY ONLY		
		2-4 TRUNKED BUSY		
LINE IN Flat / Pre-emp	LK6	1-2 Flat / 2-3 Pre-emphasised	2-3	
LINE IN to Volume & Speaker	LK7	IN = YES / OUT = NO	IN	
LINE IN Flat / Pre-emp	LK8	IN= Pre-emphasised / OUT = Flat	IN	
LINE IN 1 600 Terminated	LK9	IN = YES / OUT = NO	IN	
LINE IN 2 600 Terminated	LK10	IN = YES / OUT = NO	IN	
LINE OUT, LINE IN, GATE	LK11	OUT = NONE	OUT	
OUT and PTT IN Control		1-2 AUX SW		
		2-3 CALL SW		
RX/TX Disabling	LK12	IN = YES / OUT = NO	OUT	
RX Disable	LK13	IN = TX ONLY / OUT = NO	OUT	
GATE OUT Phase	LK14	OUT = Active Lo / IN = Active Hi	OUT	
PTT IN Phase	LK15	OUT = Active Lo / IN = Active Hi	OUT	
GATE OUT RELAY Phase	LK16	1-2 N.C. / 2-3 N.O.	2-3	
GATE OUT Common to Ground	LK17	IN = GROUNDED / OUT = NOT	OUT	
I/O Matrix Line 11 - Volts Source	LK18	1-2 +13.8V SW / 2-3 +13.8V UNSW	1-2	
		OUT = NONE		
OPTO Coupler Option	LK19	IN = Yes / OUT = NO	OUT	
TX Tail Timer	LK20	IN = Yes / OUT = NO	OUT	
External Line Source	LK21	1-2 /Emrgncy / 2-3 RX/TX Disabling	2-3	

#### S21 I/O Matrix

Check Mark the boxes to denote setting



DEFAULT =

Technician:



QA Inspection (If Req.):